#### §40.275

conduct a non-DOT test (*i.e.*, a test under company authority).

## § 40.275 What is the effect of procedural problems that are not sufficient to cancel an alcohol test?

- (a) As an STT, BAT, employer, or a service agent administering the testing process, you must document any errors in the testing process of which you become aware, even if they are not "fatal flaws" or "correctable flaws" listed in this subpart. Decisions about the ultimate impact of these errors will be determined by administrative or legal proceedings, subject to the limitation of paragraph (b) of this section.
- (b) No person concerned with the testing process may declare a test cancelled based on a mistake in the process that does not have a significant adverse effect on the right of the employee to a fair and accurate test. For example, it is inconsistent with this part to cancel a test based on a minor administrative mistake (e.g., the omission of the employee's middle initial) or an error that does not affect employee protections under this part. Nor does the failure of an employee to sign in Step 4 of the ATF result in the cancellation of the test. Nor is a test to be cancelled on the basis of a claim by an employee that he or she was improperly selected for testing.
- (c) As an employer, these errors, even though not sufficient to cancel an alcohol test result, may subject you to enforcement action under DOT agency regulations.

# § 40.277 Are alcohol tests other than saliva or breath permitted under these regulations?

No, other types of alcohol tests (e,g,.) blood and urine) are not authorized for testing done under this part. Only saliva or breath for screening tests and breath for confirmation tests using approved devices are permitted.

#### Subpart O—Substance Abuse Professionals and the Return-to-Duty Process

### \$40.281 Who is qualified to act as a SAP?

To be permitted to act as a SAP in the DOT drug and alcohol testing program, you must meet each of the requirements of this section:

- (a) Credentials. You must have one of the following credentials:
- (1) You are a licensed physician (Doctor of Medicine or Osteopathy);
- (2) You are a licensed or certified social worker;
- (3) You are a licensed or certified psychologist:
- (4) You are a licensed or certified employee assistance professional;
- (5) You are a state-licensed or certified marriage and family therapist; or
- (6) You are a drug and alcohol counselor certified by the National Association of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse Counselors Certification Commission (NAADAC); or by the International Certification Reciprocity Consortium/ Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse (ICRC); or by the National Board for Certified Counselors, Inc. and Affiliates/Master Addictions Counselor (NBCC).
- (b) Basic knowledge. You must be knowledgeable in the following areas:
- (1) You must be knowledgeable about and have clinical experience in the diagnosis and treatment of alcohol and controlled substances-related disorders.
- (2) You must be knowledgeable about the SAP function as it relates to employer interests in safety-sensitive duties.
- (3) You must be knowledgeable about this part, the DOT agency regulations applicable to the employers for whom you evaluate employees, and the DOT SAP Guidelines, and you keep current on any changes to these materials. These documents are available from ODAPC (Department of Transportation, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE., Washington DC, 20590 (202–366–3784), or on the ODAPC web site (http://www.dot.gov/ost/dapc).
- (c) Qualification training. You must receive qualification training meeting the requirements of this paragraph (c).
- (1) Qualification training must provide instruction on the following subjects:
- (i) Background, rationale, and coverage of the Department's drug and alcohol testing program;
- (ii) 49 CFR Part 40 and DOT agency drug and alcohol testing rules;